

Message Text

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 01 OF 06 290736Z

21

ACTION IO-10

INFO OCT-01 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00 COME-00

DODE-00 EB-07 EA-09 SP-02 PM-04 H-02 HEW-06 INR-07

L-03 LAB-04 NEA-10 NSAE-00 NSC-05 OIC-02 PA-02 SS-15

TRSE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00

DHA-02 SNM-02 DEAE-00 ORM-02 /127 W
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TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3373

INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY LAGOS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY VIENNA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON

AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI

AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

UNCLAS SECTION 1 OF 6 USUN 5428

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E.O. 11652: N/A

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 01 OF 06 290736Z

TAGS: OGEN

SUBJECT: USUN UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO. 43

COMMITTEE 1-- KOREA

GENERAL DEBATE ON KOREA WAS CONCLUDED IN COMMITTEE OCT. 28 AFTER 22 MORE DELEGATIONS HAD MADE STATEMENTS. BAROODY (SAUDI ARABIA) PROPOSED AMENDING OPERATIVE PARA 2 OF THE ALGERIAN DRAFT RESOLUTION TO READ: "APPEALS TO THE PARTIES TO THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT TO CREATE CONDITIONS WHICH WILL ENSURE A PEACEFUL TRANSITION FOR A SOLUTION ON THE BASIS OF UNIFICATION, CONFEDERATION OR FEDERATION OF NORTH AND SOUTH KOREA EMANATING FROM THE COMMON WILL OF THE KOREAN PEOPLE AS A WHOLE". VOTING ON THE DRAFT RESOLUTIONS IS EXPECTED AT THE NEXT MEETING 3:00PM, OCT. 29. SPEAKERS IN DEBATE WERE SINGAPORE, FIJI, BARBADOS, CANADA, SENEGAL, PHILIPPINES, BYELORUSSIA, BOTSWANA, AUSTRIA, GHANA, MALAYSIA, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, BELGIUM, SUDAN, MALTA, EGYPT, ITALY, MAURITIUS, GABON, MALI, NEPAL AND UGANDA.

BARBADOS (WALDRON-RAMSEY) STATED THAT THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT HAD BEEN RELATIVELY EFFECTIVE AND DOUBTED HOW LONG PEACE WOULD SURVIVE IF IT WERE ABOLISHED. THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT MUST CONTINUE TO EXIST UNTIL A FINAL PEACE SETTLEMENT WAS ACHIEVED. HE CALLED FOR NORTH AND SOUTH KOREA TO JOIN IN SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING A PEACE TREATY, AND STATED THAT THERE WAS NO ALTERNATIVE TO PEACEFUL DISCUSSION AND DIALOGUE BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS. HE TERMED THE ALGERIAN DRAFT UNREALISTIC AND MISCHIEVOUS BECAUSE IT WAS NOT BASED UPON A SPIRIT OF COOPERATION AS DISTINCT FROM CONFRONTATION AND DID NOT RECOGNIZE THE ROK AS AN INDISPENSABLE PARTY TO A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT.

CANADA (RAE) CALLED FOR THE UN TO TAKE STEPS TO REDUCE TENSIONS IN KOREA, TERMING THAT DISPUTE ONE OF THE MOST DANGEROUS THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY IN THE WORLD TODAY. HE DID NOT ACCEPT THE THESIS THAT THE ONLY REAL PARTIES TO THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT WERE THE US AND THE DPRK, AS THE US GENERALS SIGNED THE AGREEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE UNC, OF WHICH THE FORCES OF THE US, ROK, CANADA, AND OTHERS WERE PART. HE SAID THAT CANADA WAS NOT PREPARED TO UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 01 OF 06 290736Z

SUPPORT DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC UNLESS ADEQUATE MEASURES WERE TAKEN TO MAINTAIN AN ARMISTICE IN SOME FORM, PENDING A BROADER SETTLEMENT. HE INSISTED THAT NO SETTLEMENT WAS POSSIBLE WITHOUT RECOGNITION OF THE RIGHT OF THE ROK TO NEGOTIATE IN ITS OWN BEHALF, AND THAT THE ROK AND DPRK WERE THE PRIME PARTIES WHOSE PARTICIPATION IN RESOLUTION OF THE IMPASSE WAS ESSENTIAL. HE REGRETTEED THAT THE NORTH/SOUTH TALKS OF 1972 HAD ENDED AND URGED THEIR REACTIVATION.

HE SAID THAT US FORCES WERE IN SOUTH KOREA TO PREVENT A NEW OUTBREAK OF HOSTILITIES, AND ENDORSED SECRETARY KISSINGER'S SEPTEMBER 22 PROPOSAL.

SENEGAL (FALL) SAID THAT THE UNC WAS NO MORE THAN A FICTION TO MASK THE PRESENCE OF FOREIGN TROOPS, WHOSE PRESENCE IN KOREA POSES A MAJOR OBSTACLE TO DIALOGUE. HE SPOKE IN FAVOR OF THE ALGERIAN RESOLUTION, STATING THAT IT WOULD HELP PROMOTE THE ARDENTLY DESIRED PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION OF KOREA.

PHILIPPINES FOREIGN MINISTER ROMULO STATED THAT ASEAN HAD BEEN SEEKING WITHOUT SUCCESS TO WORK OUT A COMPROMISE, AND THAT UNDER THE RHETORIC, THERE WAS AGREEMENT ON THE DESIRABILITY OF PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION, THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC, AND THE SUBSTITUTION OF A MORE PERMANENT INSTRUMENT OF PEACE FOR THE 1954 ARMISTICE. HE RESENTED THE INSINUATION THAT FILIPINOS AND OTHERS WHO FOUGHT IN KOREA UNDER THE UN FLAG WERE MERCENARIES FOR NEO-IMPERIALISM OR NEO-COLONIALISM. HE SAID IT WAS ANOMALOUS THAT ONE KOREAN GOVERNMENT WAS DENIED PARTICIPATION IN THE COMMITTEE'S DEBATE UNTIL TWO YEARS AGO, BUT IT WAS ALSO ANOMALOUS TO PREVENT THE OTHER FROM PARTICIPATING IN PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. HE FOUND IT PERPLEXING FOR THE US TO STATE THAT THERE WERE ONLY 300 FOREIGN COMPONENTS OF THE UNC AFTER MAINTAINING FOR MANY YEARS THAT MANY THOUSANDS OF US AND ROK TROOPS WERE PART OF THAT COMMAND. HE NOTED THAT THE UNC'S DISSOLUTION COULD NOT COMPEL THE WITHDRAWAL OF US FORCES, WHICH COULD NOT BE CALLED OCCUPATION FORCES AS TWO SOVEREIGN STATES HAD AGREED TO KEEP THEM THERE. THE MAIN ISSUE WAS PRESERVATION OF THE PEACE, AND THE IDEAL SOLUTION WAS FOR THE TWO KOREAN GOVERNMENTS TO WORK OUT THE PEACEFUL UNIFICATION OF THEIR COUNTRY, UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 04 USUN N 05428 01 OF 06 290736Z

ALTHOUGH THIS WAS UNLIKELY AT THE PRESENT. HE WARNED THAT IT SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN WHAT HAPPENED IN THE MIDDLE EAST WHEN ANOTHER UNC WAS WITHDRAWN, BUT HOPED THAT GENERAL AGREEMENT COULD BE REACHED ON MEASURES TO MAINTAIN THE PEACE ON THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC IN KOREA.

BYELORUSSIA (TCHERNOUCHTENKO) CALLED FOR THE PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION OF KOREA AND THE WITHDRAWAL OF ALL FOREIGN TROOPS. HE TERMED THE US-ROK DEFENSE AGREEMENT A BLATANT VIOLATION OF THE ARMISTICE. BOTSWANA (MOGAMI) WOULD VOTE FOR THE ALGERIAN RESOLUTION, AND COULD NOT SUPPORT THE OTHER DRAFT BECAUSE IT DID NOT CALL FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN FORCES AND SOUGHT TO MAINTAIN THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT, THUS PERPETUATING THE EXISTING STATE OF MILITARY CONFRONTATION BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH.

AUSTRIA (JANKOWITSCH) SAID IT WAS QUITE LEGITIMATE TO UNDER-TAKE EFFORTS TO EXTRICATE THE UN FROM A SITUATION WHICH APPEARED PARTISAN TO SOME, ANACHRONISTIC TO OTHERS, AND NOT PARTICULARLY USEFUL TO THE REST. ONLY QUIET DIPLOMACY BETWEEN THE PARTIES WOULD BRING ANY SOLUTION. HE SUGGESTED THAT A SOLUTION OF THE KOREAN QUESTION COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED IF, AS APPEARED QUITE POSSIBLE, BOTH DRAFT RESOLUTIONS WERE ADOPTED. HE URGED EVERY EFFORT TO ACHIEVE A COMMONLY AGREED SOLUTION, AND SAID AUSTRIA'S VOTE WOULD BE INFLUENCED BY THE SPIRIT IN WHICH BOTH SIDES ENGAGED IN AN EFFORT FOR COMPROMISE.

GHANA (BOATEN) STATED THAT THE UNC HAD BEEN SET UP LEGALLY BUT TODAY IT HAMPERED EFFORTS TO NEGOTIATE ALTERNATIVE ARRANGEMENTS TO THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT. TO MAKE THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE UNC CONTINGENT ON THE CREATION OF AN ALTERNATIVE ARRANGEMENT FOR MAINTAINING THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT "IS TO CREATE A SITUATION IN WHICH THE DOG WILL BE CHASING ITS TAIL". IF THERE WAS GENUINE CONCERN THAT DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC WOULD LEAD TO AN OUTBREAK OF FRESH HOSTILITIES, THE LOGICAL ACTION WAS TO HAVE THE SECURITY COUNCIL URGENTLY CONSIDER REPLACING THE UNC BY AN ACCEPTABLE UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE. GHANA SUPPORTED THE LAGERIAN DRAFT, AND COULD NOT SUPPORT THE OTHER ONE BECAUSE IT WOULD PERPETUATE THE UNC.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 05 USUN N 05428 01 OF 06 290736Z

UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 02 OF 06 290748Z

21

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UNCLAS SECTION 2 OF 6 USUN 5428

UNDIGEST

MALAYSIA (JOHARI) STATED THAT IT WOULD HAVE BEEN BETTER
UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 02 OF 06 290748Z

IF THE KOREAN QUESTION HAD NOT BEEN DISCUSSED AT ALL AND
EFFORTS HAD BEEN DIVERTED TO ENCOURAGING THE TWO KOREAS
TO IMPLEMENT THE JULY 4, 1972 JOINT STATEMENT. HE URGED
THAT THE COMMITTEE NOT BE SIDETRACKED BY LANGUAGE, AND
REALIZE THAT "ANY INITIATIVE THAT LEAVES OUT ANY OF THE
PARTIES INVOLVED IS DOOMED TO FAILURE". HE WOULD HAVE
PREFERRED A COMPROMISE, AND STILL HOPED THAT CONFRONTATION
COULD BE AVOIDED. FIJI (SIKAVOU) STATED THAT THE UN SHOULD
PERSUADE THE PARTIES TO RESUME THEIR DIALOGUE, AND NOTED THAT
SOUTH KOREA MUST BE PARTY TO ANY IMPORTANT NEGOTIATION.
HE SUGGESTED THAT THE COMMITTEE NOT VOTE ON EITHER RESOLUTION,
BUT SEEK A CONSENSUS THAT WOULD INCLUDE COMMON POINTS
OF AGREEMENT AND PROVISIONS FOR STEP-BY-STEP DISCUSSIONS AND
MEETINGS BY THE MAIN PARTIES WITH UN PARTICIPATION IF
NECESSARY.
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC (DE LA MAZA) STATED THAT THE ROK HAD

MADE EVERY EFFORT TO REOPEN THE DIALOGUE WITH THE DPRK, TO NO AVAIL. SHE REGRETTEED THAT THE SC HAD REFUSED TO CONSIDER THE ROK APPLICATION FOR UN MEMBERSHIP, AND ASSERTED THAT THE ROK SHOULD BE PARTY TO ANY NEGOTIATION IN WHICH ITS FUTURE WAS DISCUSSED. SHE HOPED THAT THE BARBADOS RESOLUTION, WHICH HER DELEGATION HAD COSPONSORED, WOULD BE ADOPTED BY THE GA. BELGIUM (MERENNE) SAID THAT THE ONLY REAL SOLUTION HAD TO COME FROM A DIALOGUE BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH, AND PRAISED THE BARBADOS RESOLUTION AS ENCOURAGING DIALOGUE. SUDAN (MUBARAK) SAID THAT PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION COULD NOT BE ACHIEVED WHILE FOREIGN TROOPS WERE STATIONED IN KOREA. "THE PRESENCE OF FOREIGN TROOPS IN KORES DOES NOT RECONCILE WITH THE NEW REALITIES IN SOUTH EAST ASIA, WHERE HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF FOREIGN TROOPS, EQUIPPED WITH THE MOST SOPHISTICATED WEAPONS, FAILED TO SAVE THE CORRUPT REGIMES OF SAIGON AND PHNON-PENH". HE ENDORSED THE ALGERIAN DRAFT. EGYPT (AHMED) CALLED FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS FROM KOREA, THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC, AND AN END TO TALK OF WAR AND THREATS. HE URGED THE UNNOT TO LEND ITS NAME OR FLAG FOR INTERFERENCE IN KOREAN INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

MALTA (GAUCI) CALLED FOR THE REMOVAL OF FOREIGN FORCES FROM KOREA, TERMING THEM THE MAJOR OBSTACLE TO REUNIFICATION, AND SUPPORTED THE ALGERIAN DRAFT. ITALY (VINCI) WARNED THAT THE DEBATE COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE SITUATION IN KOREA, UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 02 OF 06 290748Z

AND URGED THE COMMITTEE TO BUILD UPON WHAT UNITED IT. HE SUPPORTED THE BARBADOS DRAFT, STATED THAT THE ROK'S EXISTENCE COULD NOT BE IGNORED, AND THAT IT HAD THE RIGHT TO ENTER INTO DEFENSE AGREEMENTS IF IT SO WISHED. MAURITIUS (RAMPHUL) SUPPORTED THE FRENCH AMENDMENT INCORPORATED IN THE BARBADOS RESOLUTION. HE CALLED FOR REDUCTION OF BOTH ARMED FORCES AND ELIMINATION OF ANY NUCLEAR THREAT, WHILE NOTING THAT THE UN WAS THE CORRECT PLACE FOR DIALOGUE BETWEEN THEM. HE VIEWED MEMBERSHIP FROM BOTH KOREAS SYMPATHETICALLY. GABON (ESSONGHE) STATED THAT ADMISSION OF BOTH KOREAS TO THE UN WOULD ESTABLISH FRATERNAL CONTACTS AND AID EVENTUAL UNIFICATION. HE SAID THAT THE PRESENCE OF FOREIGN TROOPS IN KOREA CONTRIBUTED TO STABILITY AND POINTED OUT THAT THE NORTH HAD ATTACKED THE SOUTH. HE DECLARED THAT THERE COULD BE NO PEACE AGREEMENT WITHOUT THE PARTICIPATION OF THE ROK, AND THAT THE SEARCH FOR PEACE COULD ONLY BE CONDUCTED WITH A CALMNESS OF MIND.

MALI (KANTE) ACCUSED THE US OF BLOCKING KOREAN REUNIFICATION, AND SAID THAT THE REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT IN KOREA WAS THAT OF KIM IL SUNG. HE TERMED THE UN FORCES NOTHING MORE THAN A US EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, SUPPORTED THE ALGERIAN RESOLUTION, AND URGED REJECTION OF THE BARBADOS DRAFT.

SINGAPORE (KOH) REGRETTED THE ABUSIVE LANGUAGE OF THE DPRK AND ROK. HE STATED THAT THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UNC AND THE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS SHOULD GO HAND IN HAND WITH A PEACE AGREEMENT OR OTHER PROVISIONAL ARRANGEMENT. HE ASSERTED THAT THE EXISTENCE OF TWO SOVEREIGN STATES IN KOREA COULD NOT BE IGNORED, AND REGRETTED THAT THE ASEAN COMPROMISE WAS UNACCEPTABLE TO BOTH KOREAS, HOPING FOR A CHANGE OF MIND BEFORE THE GA DECISION. SINGAPORE WOULD ABSTAIN ON THE ALGERIAN DRAFT, SUPPORT THE BARBADOS DRAFT, AND NOT SUPPORT PRIORITY FOR THE ALGERIAN DRAFT.

NEPAL (SINGH) STATED THAT THE POSSIBILITIES OF A NON-AGGRESSION PACT BETWEEN THE TWO KOREAS OR ASSIGNMENT OF A ROLE TO THE SYG FOR BRINGING ABOUT A VIABLE PEACE TREATY COULD NOT BE RULED OUT, WHILE CONTINUANCE OF THE ARMISTICE ONLY AGGRAVATES THE SITUATION. HE URGED THE KOREAS TO RESUME THEIR DIALOGUE IN ACCORD WITH THE SPIRIT OF THE JULY 4, 1972 JOINT STATEMENT. UGANDA (KINENE) CITED AMIN'S APPEAL TO BOTH UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 04 USUN N 05428 02 OF 06 290748Z

KOREAS TO COME TOGETHER AND FIND A LONG-TERM SOLUTION. HE CALLED FOR THE UNCONDITIONAL WITHDRAWAL OF US FORCES UNDER THE UN FLAG, BELIEVING THAT THE PRESENCE OF FOREIGN TROOPS ON THE TERRITORY OF EITHER PARTY WAS A THREAT TO INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.

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PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 03 OF 06 290801Z

21

ACTION IO-10

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00

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AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO
AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

UNCLAS SECTION 3 OF 6 USUN 5428

SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE--APARTHEID

THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE HEARD SEVEN MORE SPEAKERS
UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 03 OF 06 290801Z

ON APARTHEID OCT. 28. STATEMENTS WERE MADE BY MALI, CONGO, HAITI, PAKISTAN, TURKEY, NEPAL, AND FILAND, WHILE THE UAE REPLIED TO REMARKS MADE BY ISRAEL LAST WEEK. THE COMMITTEE THEN ADJOURNED TO LET THE NON-ALIGNED MEET TO PREPARE THE REMAINING DRAFT RESOLUTIONS ON THIS ITEM. THE UAE (AL-DEHIM) SAID THAT, DESPITE ISRAELI CONTENTIONS, IT WAS ABIDING BY THE OIL EMBARGO AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA AND HAD NO RELATIONS WITH THAT REGIME AND SUPPORTED ITS EXPULSION FROM THE UN. MALI (CISSE) CHARGED THAT SOUTH AFRICA WAS INTENSIFYING ITS APARTHEID POLICY WHILE ATTEMPTING TO DECEIVE WORLD PUBLIC OPINION. HE ATTACKED THE BANTUSTAN POLICY AND CALLED FOR THE INTERNATIONAL CRUSADE AGAINST APARTHEID TO GAIN IN STRENGTH AND EFFICIENCY. HE ALSO ASSERTED THAT SOUTH AFRICA WAS AN ACTIVE PARTICIPANT IN THE ACTIVITIES OF NATO.

CONGO (N'DESSABEKA) STATED THAT THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE AGAINST APARTHEID AND THE STATEMENTS OF THE REPS OF LIBERATION MOVEMENTS SHOW THE "COLLUSION" OF THE NATO

POWERS WITH THE SAG AND THE "HYPOCRISY" OF THEIR STATEMENTS ON APARTHEID. SUPPORTING THE ARMED STRUGGLE OF THE LIBERATION MOVEMENTS, HE URGED AFRICAN STATES TO REJECT THE IDEA OF "DIALOGUE" PUT FORTH BY PRETORIA. HE URGED THE FRG TO STOP COOPERATION WITH SOUTH AFRICA, IN THE NUCLEAR FIELD AND ALSO NOTED THAT PEOPLE IN THE WEST WERE OPPOSING THEIR GOVERNMENTS' ACTIONS ON APARTHEID MORE AND MORE. HE OPPOSED THE BANTUSTAN POLICY, AND CALLED FOR NON-RECOGNITION OF THE TRANSKEI. HAITI (AUGUSTIN) ALSO CHARGED THAT THE SAG WAS INTENSIFYING APARTHEID AND HOPED THAT THE GA WOULD NOT RECOGNIZE ANY ENTITY ESTABLISHED UNDER THE BANTUSTAN POLICY. PAKISTAN (JATOI) CALLED FOR THE ARMS EMBARGO AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA TO BE MADE MANDATORY AND SUPPORTED THE COMMITTEE AGAINST APARTHEID'S RECOMMENDATION THAT THE SC CONSIDER AN OIL EMBARGO. HE ALSO CALLED FOR GREATER ASSISTANCE TO THE SOUTH AFRICAN PEOPLE AND AND THEIR LIBERATION MOVEMENTS AS WELL AS AN EXPANDED UN INFORMATION PROGRAM TO COUNTERACT SAG PROPAGANDA.

TURKEY (AKIMAN) STATED THAT IT HAD NO RELATIONS WITH SOUTH AFRICA AND WAS CONTRIBUTING TO UN FUNDS TO AID APARTHEID'S VICTIMS. NEPAL (SINGH) STATED THAT SOUTH UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 03 OF 06 290801Z

AFRICA HOPED TO BUILD UP A GROUP OF CLIENT STATES AND CHARGED THAT BANTUSTANS WERE AN ATTEMPT TO "BALKANIZE" THE AFRICAN POPULATION IN ORDER TO PERPETUATE RACIST DOMINATION. HE REGRETTED THAT THE SC HAD NOT ACTED UNDER CHAPTER VII OF THE CHARTER AND CALLED FOR ITS IMMEDIATE APPLICATION. FINLAND (PIETINEN) STATED ITS OPPOSITION TO RACIAL DISCRIMINATION, CALLED FOR SOUTH AFRICAN WITHDRAWAL FROM NAMIBIA, NOTED FINLAND'S FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR DEFENCE OF APARTHEID'S VICTIMS, AND CALLED ON SOUTH AFRICA TO REALIZE THAT TIME FOR RACIAL DISCRIMINATION HAD RUN OUT IN "OUR WORLD OF INTERDEPENDENCE". (REPEATED INFO PRETORIA)

COMMITTEE 3--NARCOTIC DRUGS

THE FOLLOWING FOUR DRAFT RESOLUTIONS ON NARCOTIC DRUGS WERE ADOPTED BY THE COMMITTEE OCT. 28: L.2164, ON 1971 CONVENTION ON PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES--107-0-2(UK, NETHERLANDS); L. 2165, ON THE 1972 PROTOCOL AMENDING THE SINGLE CONVENTION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS-- 100-0-9 (INCLUDING USSR); L. 2166, ENTITLED "ADEQUATE PRIORITY FOR NARCOTICS CONTROL" WHICH WOULD REQUEST THE SYG IN PREPARING THE BUDGET TO GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE RESOURCES REQUESTED FOR THE COMPETENT UN BODIES AND THEIR SECRETARIATS IN VIEW OF INCREASED WORK-- 98-0-10(INCLUDING PORTUGAL, CUBA); AND L.2167, ON "UN FUND FOR DRUG ABUSE CONTROL" WHICH CALLS FOR A RENEWED APPEAL FOR GENEROUS

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNFDAC--102-0-9(INCLUDING USSR, CUBA).
PORTUGAL AND CUBA EXPLAINED THAT THEY ABSTAINED ON L. 2166
BECAUSE THEY DID NOT BELIEVE THIS WAS THE PROPER PLACE
TO CONSIDER BUDGET PRIORITIES. THE CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE
STATED GOC WOULD SOON SEND THE SYG \$200,000 FOR UNFDAC.

THE BULGARIAN REPRESENTATIVE TOLD THE COMMITTEE ON BULGARIA'S
LETTER TO THE SYG CONTAINING AN APPEAL TO CHILE TO
RELEASE LUIS CORVALAN SO THAT HE COULD ATTEND THE FUNERAL
OF HIS ONLY SON WHO DIED OCT. 27 IN SOFIA. THIS APPEAL
WAS SUPPORTED BY THE SOVIET UNION, MEXICO AND SWEDEN.
BAROODY (SAUDI ARABIA) ALSO SAID HE WAS MAKING AN APPEAL
TO GOC STRICTLY ON HUMANITARIAN GROUNDS; IF THE FATHER
FAILED TO RETURN, CHILE WOULD STILL GAIN TREMENDOUSLY BY
THE HUMANITARIAN GESTURE AND THIS WOULD ENDEAR CHILE
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PAGE 04 USUN N 05428 03 OF 06 290801Z

EVEN TO ITS ENEMIES. HUERTA (CHILE) SAID QUESTION SHOULD
NOT BE USED FOR POLITICAL REASONS, AND HE WOULD TRANSMIT
THE APPEAL TO GOC. LATER, CHAIRMAN SMID (CZECHOSLOVAKIA)
ANNOUNCED HE HAD SENT A TELEGRAM TO GOC IN THE NAME OF THE
COMMITTEE. DIEZ (CHILE) OBJECTED TO ITS HAVING BEEN SENT
IN THE NAME OF THE COMMITTEE, RECALLED THAT HIS AMBASSADOR
HAD SAID THAT A CHILEAN SHOULD BE BURIED IN CHILE, AND
ADDED GOC WISHED TO PROVIDE ALL FEASIBLE ASSISTANCE TO HAVE
THE BODY BURIED IN CHILE.

STATEMENTS ON NARCOTICS QUESTIONS WERE MADE BY UNFDAC
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DE BEUS, MESSING-MEIRZEJEWSKI OF THE
INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD, AND REPRESENTATIVES
OF TURKEY, PAKISTAN, TUNISIA, SWEDEN, US, CANADA, FRG,
LIBERIA, FAO, VENEZUELA, GREECE, SOVIET UNION (DRUG
ABUSE WAS CAUSED BY SOCIAL CONDITIONS), AND EGYPT.
TURKISH REPRESENTATIVE SOYLEMEZ, REPORTING ON SITUATION IN
TURKEY AND STEPS TAKEN BY HIS GOVERNMENT, EXPLAINED THAT HE
WAS SEEKING TO PROVIDE CLARIFICATION BECAUSE OF THE CRITICISM
LEVELED AGAINST HIS COUNTRY.

CONGRESSMAN FRASER SAID INTER ALIA THAT THE US BELIEVED
THE INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD MUST BE INDEPENDENT
IN ORDER TO PERFORM ITS TREATY-MANDATED FUNCTIONS, WITH
DISTINCT SECRETARIAT SEPARATE FROM THE DIVISION OF NARCOTIC
DRUGS, WHICH SERVED A POLITICAL ORGAN. HE COMMENDED TURKEY'S
EFFORTS TO CONTROL PRODUCTION OF ITS POPPY CROP, ALSO
COMMENDED ACTIONS BEING TAKEN BY MEXICO AND BURMA,
AND HOPED MORE NATIONS WOULD CONTRIBUTE TO UNFDAC.
HE NOTED THAT THE US COSPONSORED THE FOUR RESOLUTIONS
BEFORE THE COMMITTEE, AND SAID THAT TAKEN TOGETHER THEY
PROPOSED A COURSE OF ACTION DESIGNED TO MAINTAIN THE MOMENTUM
DEVELOPED IN RECENT YEARS BY NATIONS COMMITTED TO THE

STRUGGLE AGAINST DRUG ABUSE.

UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 04 OF 06 290815Z

21

ACTION IO-10

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AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON

AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI

AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

UNCLAS SECTION 4 OF 6 USUN 5428

COMMITTEE 4--FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER INTERESTS
IN MAMIBIA AND RHODESIA, NAMIBIA, FRENCH SOMALILAND

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PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 04 OF 06 290815Z

ON OCTOBER 27, TIMOTHY SMITH OF THE INTERFAITH CENTER ON CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY AND REV. HOUGHTON OF THE GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY ADDRESSED COMMITTEE 4 SMITH CHARGED THAT JAPAN WAS IN COLLUSION WITH THE SAG TO EVADE UN SANCTIONS ON RHODESIA. HE ALSO STATED THAT JAPANESE AND BRITISH INTERESTS WERE DEEPLY INVOLVED IN THE EXPLOITATION OF NAMIBIA'S URANIUM ALONG WITH THE FRG, AND THAT THESE NATIONS, ALONG WITH FRANCE, BRAZIL, AND IRAN, WERE PLAYING MAJOR ROLES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA'S ATOMIC CAPABILITY AND EXPLOITATION OF NAMIBIA. JAPAN (NAGAI) RESPONDED THAT THERE WERE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SMITH'S STATEMENT AND JAPANESE POLICY, WHICH FAVORS SANCTIONS AGAINST RHODESIA AND PROHIBITS DIRECT INVESTMENTS IN NAMIBIA. NAGAI SAID HE WOULD EXAMINE SMITH'S STATEMENT AND REPORT TO THE COMMITTEE LATER.

HOUGHTON, A FORMER ANGLICAN MISSIONARY IN NAMIBIA, DECLARED THAT A SOUTH AFRICAN PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH A SECURITY ZONE ALONG THE NAMIBIA-ANGOLA BORDER WOULD CAUSE "IMMENSE HUMAN DISLOCATION AND SUFFERING". HE CRITICIZED SAG POLICY OF BORDER CONTROLS IN GENERAL, NOTING THEIR DISRUPTIVE EFFECTS.

THE COMMITTEE DECIDED TO ALLOW THE TWO OAU-RECOGNIZED NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENTS OF FRENCH SOMALILAND TO TAKE PART IN COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO THAT TERRITORY. THE FRENCH DEL MADE A STATEMENT ON THIS MATTER. COMMITTEE ALSO AGREED TO HEAR REV. SCOTT.

COMMITTEE 5--ESA, OPI, HONORARIA

THERE WAS FURTHER DISCUSSION IN COMITE OCT 28 OF PROGRAM BUDGET SECTIONS 5A (DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS) AND 21 (OFFICE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION) AS WELL AS OF HONORARIA FOR MEMBERS OF ILC, INCB, AND UN ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL UPPER VOLTAN DEL PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HIS DRAFT RESOLUTION ON HONORARIA. UK DEL WAS SATISFIED WITH UPPER VOLTA'S DRAFT; ARGENTINA AND JAPAN STRESSED NEED FOR UNIFORM CRITERIA IN PAYMENT OF HONORARIA; AND SWEDEN WOULD NOT OPPOSE THE PROPOSED STUDY BUT COULD ACCEPT PAYMENTS OUTLINED IN THE SYG'S REPORT. JAMAICA PROCEEDED

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PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 04 OF 06 290815Z

TO SHOW THAT CERTAIN MEMBERS WERE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST WITH RESPECT TO PAYMENTS. DESULTORY DISCUSSION OF SECT. 5A WAS DOMINATED BY FRENCH DEL, WHO URGED CLOSER COORDINATION OF DEVELOPMENT PLANNING WITH UNDP, OBJECTED TO TOURISM ACTIVITIES IN HUMAN SETTLEMENTS DIVISION, AND ASKED WHY THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIVISION BUDGET WAS NOT REVISED AFTER PROGRAM CHANGE RECOMMENDED BY THE COMMITTEE ON PROGRAM AND COORDINATION. DISCUSSION OF PUBLIC INFORMATION WAS PARTICIPATED IN BY REPRESENTATIVES OF NETHERLANDS, JAPAN, TUNISIA AND ROMANIA. (USUN--5411)

COMMITTEE 6--ILC REPORT, SUCCESSION OF STATES,
DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM

OCT. 27 COMITE HEARD 11 STATEMENTS ON ILC REPORT AND CONCLUDED DEBATE ON THE REPORT AFTER HEARING THE VIEWS OF TWO DELEGATIONS AND THE ILC CHAIRMAN OCT. 28. SOME SPEAKERS ALSO INCLUDED SUCCESSION OF STATES IN RESPECT OF TREATIES, AND SIX DELEGATIONS SPOKE ON DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM. CHAIRMAN NJENGA (KENYA) IS TO CONSULT WITH COMITE 5 CHAIRMAN REGARDING THE REQUEST OF THE ILC CHAIRMAN THAT HIS LETTER ON THE NEED TO INCREASE THE ALLOWANCE OF COMMISSION MEMBERS BE CIRCULATED AS A COMITE 5 DOCUMENT.

CANADA SUGGESTED ILC SHOULD DEAL WITH NO NEW TOPICS FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS TO ENABLE IT TO COMPLETE ITS EXISTING WORK PROGRAM. FRANCE AND THAILAND WERE SATISFIED WITH THE ILC'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS AT ITS LAST SESSION, AND UGANDA WELCOMED THE GROUP TO STUDY THE FUNCTIONING OF ILC. IN SPEAKING OF THE MOST-FAVORED-NATION CLAUSE, FRANCE REFERRED TO A FEW EEC RESERVATIONS, GHANA BELIEVED SPECIAL TREATMENT SHOULD BE GIVEN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, ZAMBIA WANTED PROBLEMS OF LANDLOCKED STATES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT, AND THE EEC REPRESENTATIVE SAID EEC WAS NOT PERSUADED THAT THE APPROACH IN THE DRAFT WAS ENTIRELY APPROPRIATE,

THE "CLEAN SLATE" PRINCIPLE WAS SUPPORTED BY NICARAGUA, MALI (BUT IT SHOULD NOT AFFECT BOUNDARY TREATIES) AND ZAMBIA. PHILIPPINES AGREED WITH THE BASIC PRINCIPLES, AND SWAZILAND SAW NO DIFFERENCE BETWEEN STATES FORMED BY UNIFICATION OR SEPARATION FROM EXISTING STATES AND
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PAGE 04 USUN N 05428 04 OF 06 290815Z

"NEWLY INDEPENDENT STATES".

ILC CHAIRMAN TABIBI (AFGHANISTAN) AGREED WITH THE COMMENT THAT, IN THE DECISIONS OF THE 6TH AND 7TH SPECIAL SESSIONS, THERE WERE GAPS AND LOOPHOLES WHICH MADE IT NECESSARY TO TRANSLATE THOSE ECONOMIC RIGHTS AND DUTIES INTO BINDING LEGAL RULES. REGARDING ILC'S FUTURE WORK, HE SAID THE COMITE

HAD TO RECOGNIZE THAT THE COMMISSION HAD NO ALTERNATIVE
BUT TO DIVIDE ITS AVAILABLE TIME AMONG SEVERAL TOPICS.
IF IT WAS CONSIDERED ADVISABLE TO LIMIT THE NUMBER OF TOPICS
UNDER ACTIVE CONSIDERATION, THE COMITE SHOULD SO INFORM THE
GA AFTER MAKING THE NECESSARY CHOICES.

AUSTRALIA (LAUTERPACHT) EXPLAINED AUSTRALIA'S MOTIVATION
IN PROPOSING THE ITEM ON DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM WAS HUMANITARIAN.
HE NOTED THAT THE PERSONS GIVEN SANCTUARY SHOULD NOT BE
COMMON CRIMINALS BUT ONES PURSUED FOR POLITICAL
REASONS; THE CASES SHOULD BE URGENT BECAUSE THE
INDIVIDUAL LIVES WERE ENDANGERED BY THE ABSENCE OF ORDINARY
LEGAL CONSTRAINTS, SUCH AS AN UNCONTROLLABLE MOB;
AND ASYLUM WOULD BE TEMPORARY. PARAGUAY (GODOT) BELIEVED
DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM SHOULD BE PRACTICED ALL OVER THE WORLD,
AND PARAGUAY WOULD SUPPORT ANY MEASURE BY ILC OR COMITE 6
TO STUDY THE CONCEPT FOR CODIFICATION AS PART OF
INTERNATIONAL LAW. BULGARIA (BOJLOV) DID NOT THINK THE
RIGHT TO GRANT DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM WAS COMPATIBLE WITH GENERALLY
RECOGNIZED PRINCIPLES OF DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR LAW
AND IT WAS IMPRUDENT TO ATTEMPT TO EXTEND AN ESSENTIALLY
REGIONAL PRACTICE (LATIN AMERICAN) TO UNIVERSAL LAW.
ITALY (CASSESE) BELIEVED DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM SHOULD BE
GRANTED IN CASES OF COMPELLING URGENCY, BUT PREFERRED
CASE-BY-CASE APPROACH. JORDAN (SADI) SAID
CONSIDERATION OF THE SUBJECT SHOULD NOT BE RESTRICTED
ONLY TO ITS APPLICATION TO LATIN AMERICA. ARGENTINA
(GOBBI) WOULD SUPPORT THE STUDY OF FUTURE CODIFICATION
BECAUSE REGULATION WOULD BE THE ONLY WAY TO MAKE ASYLUM
LEGAL.

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PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 05 OF 06 290833Z

21

ACTION IO-10

INFO OCT-01 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00 COME-00

DODE-00 EB-07 EA-09 SP-02 PM-04 H-02 HEW-06 INR-07

L-03 LAB-04 NEA-10 NSAE-00 NSC-05 OIC-02 PA-02 SS-15

TRSE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00

DHA-02 SNM-02 DEAE-00 ORM-02 /127 W

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FM USMISSION USUN NY

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3377

INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY LAGOS PRIORITY

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AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

UNCLAS SECTION 5 OF 6 USUN 5428

UNDIGEST

COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA--

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 05 OF 06 290833Z

BY ACCLAMATION, THE COUNCIL OCT. 28 ELECTED ZAMBIAN PERMREP KAMANA AS ITS NEW PRESIDENT. ROMANIA'S SUGGESTION TO SEND A CABLE TO ZAMBIA'S PRESIDENT EXPRESSING APPRECIATION FOR THE CONTRIBUTIONS MADE BY THE OUTGOING COUNCIL PRESIDENT, BANDA (ZAMBIA), WAS APPROVED. CONSULTATIONS ARE TO BE HELD ON AN INVITATION FROM THE UNCTAD SYG TO THE COUNCIL TO BE REPRESENTED AT THE FIRST SESSION OF UNCTAD'S COMITE ON TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY IN GENEVA. STATEMENTS ON NAMIBIA WERE MADE BY SWAPO OBSERVER MUYONGO, REV. SCOTT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR THE RIGHTS OF MAN, AND BY REV. HOUGHTON OF THE GENERAL TECHNOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF NEW YORK.

MUYONGO STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE OF THE DECREE FOR THE PROTECTION OF NAMIBIA'S NATURAL RESOURCES, REITERATED REJECTION OF VORSTER'S "DECLARATION OF INTENT" AND THE "BOGUS" CONSTITUTIONAL TALKS, AND SAID, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THERE WERE REPORTS THAT SOUTH AFRICA WAS PREPARING A

LARGE-SCALE INVASION OF ANGOLA. ALTHOUGH SWAPO APPRECIATED NORWAY'S PROPOSAL THAT THE UN COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS INVESTIGATE VIOLATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN NAMIBIA, IT FELT THAT AT THIS STAGE IT MIGHT PLAY INTO THE HANDS OF THE ILLEGAL REGIME BY LEADING SOME TO SEE AN IMPLIED RECOGNITION OF SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA.

REV. SCOTT THOUGHT THE US AND UK STATEMENTS IN COMITE 4 SHOWED LACK OF UNDERSTANDING OF AFRICAN PROBLEMS. HE WAS CRITICAL OF THE TRANSFER OF EUROPEAN TECHNOLOGY TO SOUTH AFRICA, INVESTMENTS FROM ABROAD, AND AN EXPORT MARKET FOR SOUTH AFRICAN PRODUCTS. HE CONTENDED THAT THE "NON-POLICY" OF THE US WAS IN FACT ONE OF EXPANSION AND THAT THE GAP BETWEEN AMERICAN PRONOUNCEMENTS AND POLICY ON NAMIBIA HAD WIDENED, AND US AND UK INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES SOUGHT TO SUBVERT LIBERATION MOVEMENTS. REV. HOUGHTON EXPRESSED CONCERN ABOUT THE NAMIBIA-ANGOLA BORDER SECURITY ZONE WHICH WOULD CAUSE MASSIVE DISLOCATION. (REPEATED INFO PRETORIA).

STATEMENT BY KAPUUO ON NAMIBIA--

STATEMENT "ISSUED WORLDWIDE" BY CHIEF KAPUUO CONCERNING THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE STATES THAT FOR THE FIRST TIME UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 05 OF 06 290833Z

IN HISTORY THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH WEST AFRICA ARE ALL SITTING AT THE SAME CONFERENCE TABLE TO DECIDE OVER SWA'S FUTURE; SINGLE STATE OF SWA AND EQUAL VOTING RIGHTS FOR ALL ARE NOT NEGOTIABLE; AND THE STRENGTHENING OF NATIONAL UNITY AND BRINGING ABOUT OF CONSENSUS BETWEEN THE DIFFERENT POLITICAL GROUPS WILL BE THE FIRST STEP TOWARDS AN INDEPENDENT SWA. (USUN--5397)

SPANISH SAHARA--

ACCORDING TO THE UN/OPI SPOKESMAN SYG WILL RETURN TO NEWYORK AFTERNOON OF OCT. 28 AND FINISH A REPORT ON THE SPANISH SAHARA TO THE SC, BUT HE DID NOT EXPECT A COUNCIL MEETING "VERY SHORTLY". (USUN--5422)

SYG'S VISIT TO HAVANA--

SYG WILL OPEN THE MINISTERIAL-LEVEL MEETING OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE CARIBBEAN DEVELOPMENT AND COOPERATION COMITE ON NOVEMBER 3 IN HAVANA, AND WILL ALSO VISIT CUBA AT THE INVITATION OF THE GOVERNMENT. HE WILL LEAVE NEW YORK ON NOVEMBER 2 AND RETURN ON NOVEMBER 4. (USUN--5424)

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PAGE 01 USUN N 05428 06 OF 06 290834Z

21

ACTION IO-10

INFO OCT-01 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00 COME-00

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TRSE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00

DHA-02 SNM-02 DEAE-00 ORM-02 /127 W
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FM USMISSION USUN NY

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INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

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AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

UNCLAS SECTION 6 OF 6 USUN 5428

UNDIGEST

UNCHR TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY AID TO SOUTH VIETNAMESE

UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 02 USUN N 05428 06 OF 06 290834Z

RETURNING FROM GUAM--

AS REQUESTED BY THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH VIETNAM, THE UNHCR ANNOUNCED ON OCTOBER 28 THAT IT WILL PROVIDE EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO THE SOUTH VIETNAMESE RETURNING ON THE "THUONG TIN" FROM GUAM. UNHCR HAS BEEN IN CONTINUOUS TOUCH WITH THE VIETNAMESE AUTHORITIES ON THIS MATTER, AND HAD RECEIVED A REQUEST FOR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE IN THE FIELDS OF SHELTER, FOOD, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT.

UNDP 1975 PLEDGING CONFERENCE POSTPONED ONE DAY--

USUN RECEIVED A NOTE VERBALE FROM THE UN STATING THAT THE 1975 UNDP PLEDGING CONFERENCE WILL BE CONVENED AT THE UN AT 10:30AM ON NOVEMBER 5 INSTEAD OF NOVEMBER 4. (USUN--5415)

WALDRON-RAMSEY'S (BARBADOS) DOG--

A PROBLEM HAS ARISEN IN THE VILLAGE OF PEHLEM, NY INVOLVING AMB WALDRON-RAMSEY, HIS DOG, AND THE GOVERNMENT AND CITIZENRY OF THE VILLAGE. ACCORDING TO THE CHIEF OF POLICE, THE DOG HAS BITTEN A NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS, AND, AS A RESULT, THE MAYOR WROTE TO WALDRON-RAMSEY REQUESTING THAT HE BE LEASHED WHEN OUTSIDE THE AMBASSADOR'S PROPERTY, WARNING THAT IF THE DOG WERE FOUND UNLEASHED AND OUT UNDER PROPER CONTROL OFF-PREMISES, HE (DOG) WOULD BE SHOT IN THE INTEREST OF PUBLIC SAFETY. AMBASSADOR RESPONDED IN A LETTER TO THE MAYOR REFERRING TO THE THREAT ON HIS PET. "THE MIND BOGGLES, MR. MAYOR, TO CONTEMPLATE THE TRAGIC, CALAMITOUS CONSEQUENCES, OF A PERSONAL NATURE, WHICH WOULD NATURALLY FLOW FROM ANY SUCH ABERRATION. AND THIS CONSIDERATION BESPEAKS NOTHING OF THE POSSIBLE INTERNATIONAL CONSEQUENCES." HOWEVER HE CLOSED HIS LETTER: "I CONTINUE TO RESPOSE CONFIDENCE IN BASIC AND SOLID GOOD SENSE OF THE USG AT WASHINGTON". (USUN--5426)

UN MEETINGS OCT. 29--

10:30AM--COMITES 2, 3, AND 6

12:30PM-ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT SADAT OF EGYPT
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PAGE 03 USUN N 05428 06 OF 06 290834Z

3:00PM--COMITES 1, SPECIAL POLITICAL, 2, 3, 4, AND 5

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Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X
Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994
Channel Indicators: n/a
Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
Concepts: n/a
Control Number: n/a
Copy: SINGLE
Draft Date: 29 OCT 1975
Decaption Date: 01 JAN 1960
Decaption Note:
Disposition Action: n/a
Disposition Approved on Date:
Disposition Authority: n/a
Disposition Case Number: n/a
Disposition Comment:
Disposition Date: 01 JAN 1960
Disposition Event:
Disposition History: n/a
Disposition Reason:
Disposition Remarks:
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Document Source: CORE
Document Unique ID: 00
Drafter: n/a
Enclosure: n/a
Executive Order: N/A
Errors: N/A
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Margaret P. Grafeld
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06 JUL 2006

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